# On-site Analysis of Illicit Drugs by Portable Ion Trap GC/MS

Torion T-9 Portable GC/MS

.Charlie Schmidt, Zachary Lawton HEMS 2019



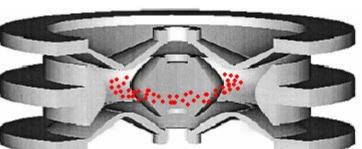


#### **Torion T9 Portable GC/MS**

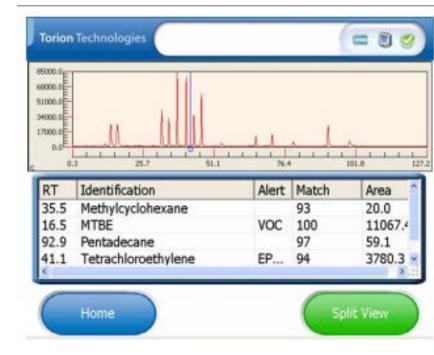
Key features







Toroidal Ion Trap



Simplified user interface



## Drug Adulterants:

Law Enforcement and Public Health Implications

**IDEC-Lima** 

April 2016



#### Law Enforcement Programs

- Eradication
- Interdiction
- Immobilize Illicit Drug Labs
- Money Laundering Investigations
- Arrest Kingpins
- Precursor Chemical Controls



## Some Contemporary Drug Adulterants

PHENACETIN: pain reliever / fever reducer

PARACETAMOL: a pain reliever

AMINOPYRINE: analgesic, anti-inflammatory

BENZOCAINA: a local anesthetic

XYLAZINE: a veterinary tranquilizer

LIDOCAINA: a local anesthetic

LEVAMISOLE: used to expel parasitic worms

ACETAMINOPHEN: pain reliever / fever reducer

METAMIZOLE: pain reliever / fever reducer



During the last decade, many shipments of cocaine seized by U.S. drug authorities have been found to be adulterated with <u>levamisole</u> (a veterinary anti-worming medicine) and Phenacetin (a painkiller).

## Why is cocaine adulterated with an animal dewormer?

- 1. It's easy to mix with cocaine
- 2. It appears like high quality cocaine
- 3. It may enhance the effects of cocaine
- 4. It's relatively Cheap
- 5. It's easy to obtain



#### Levamisole is Toxic

- Withdrawn from the Canadian (2003)and USA (1999)markets due to toxicity
- Results in a decrease of white blood cells that can lower immunity and increase opportunist infections
- Associated with inflammation of blood vessels that can cause severe damage to skin
- Identified as cocaine adulterant in 2003
- Appeared in U.S., Europe, and Latin America



## Levamisole skin toxicity





## Chemical Profile of Cocaine Samples in Sao Paulo – Nov. 2014 (1144 samples)

Adulterants	Crack	HCl
Phenacetin	60%	6%
Aminopyrine	25%	1%
Levamisole	1%	50%



- Adulterants/Cutting Agents traditionally not part of comprehensive strategies & programs
- Used to be added to drugs at street level in consumer countries
- Now being added in source countries at production stage

Levamisole - Colombia

Phenacetin - Bolivia



## **Welcome to Lima**



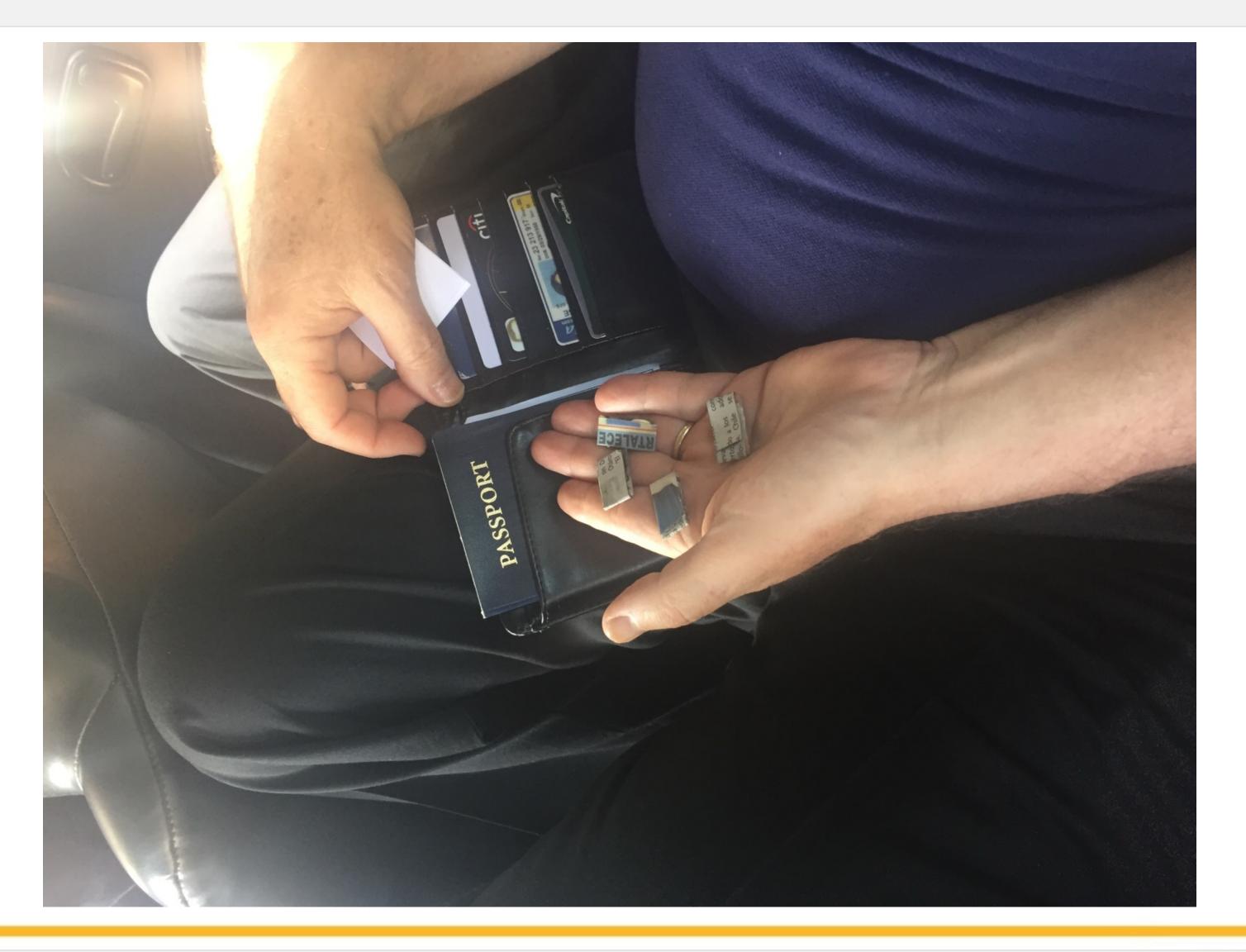


## **Buying Street Drugs**



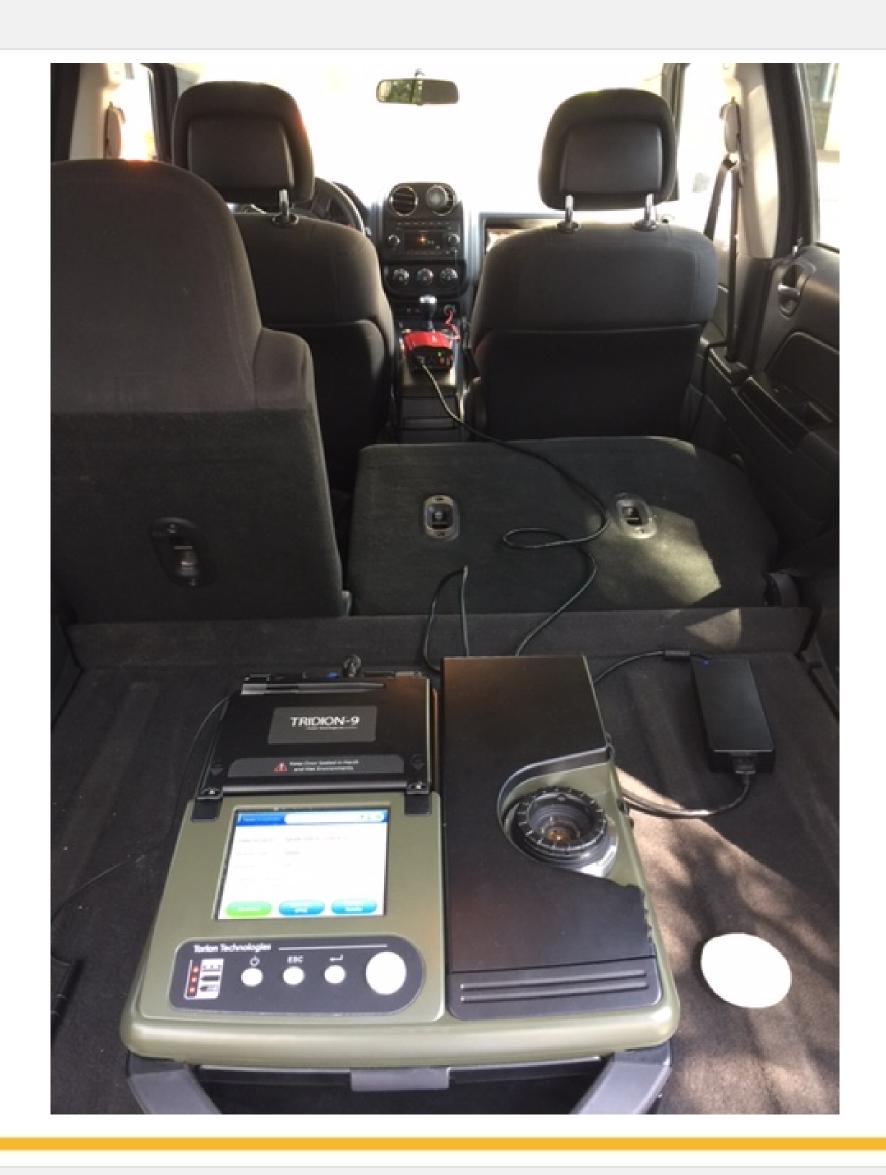


## Checking out the Score





## Field Testing







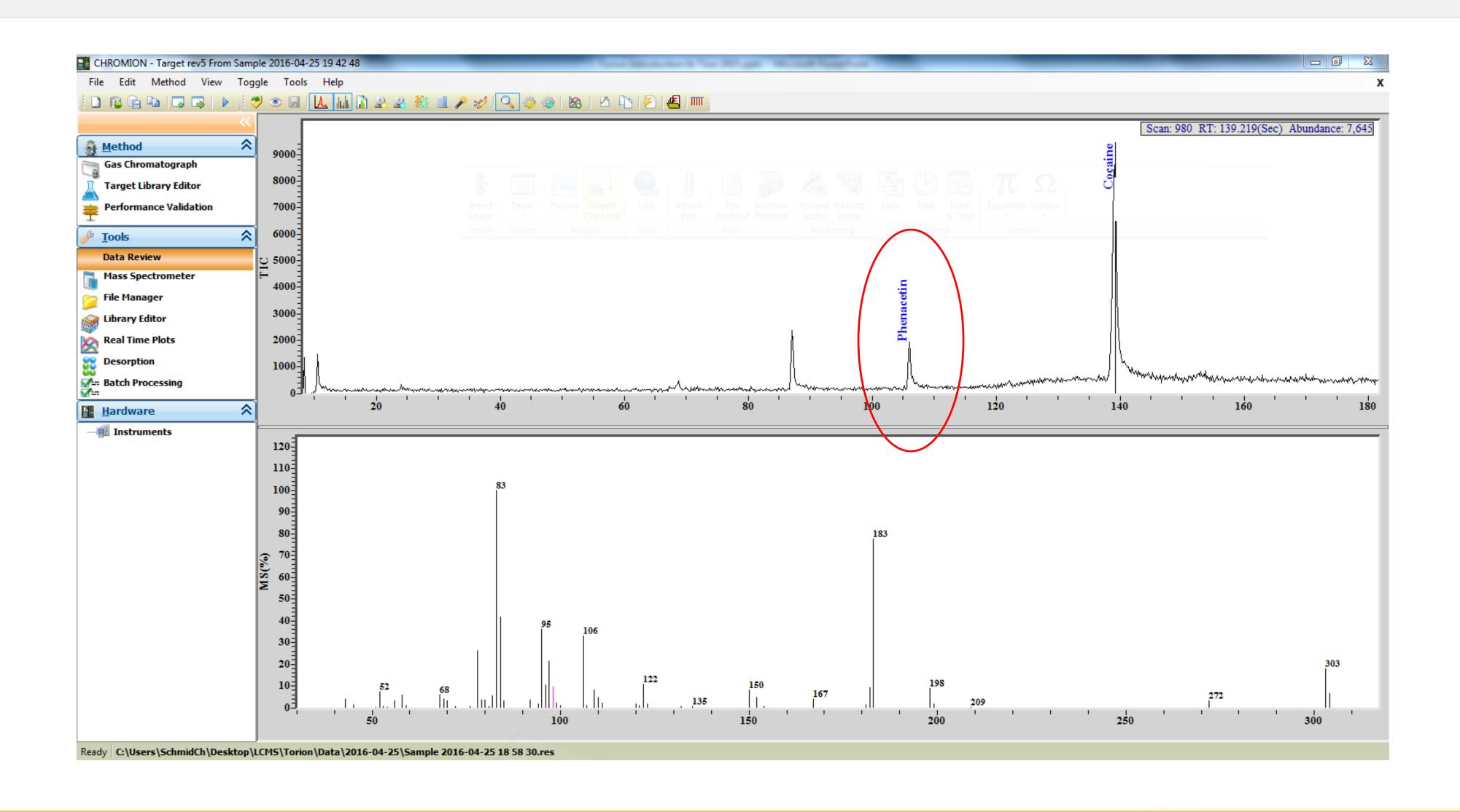


## Cocaine Sample (Peru)



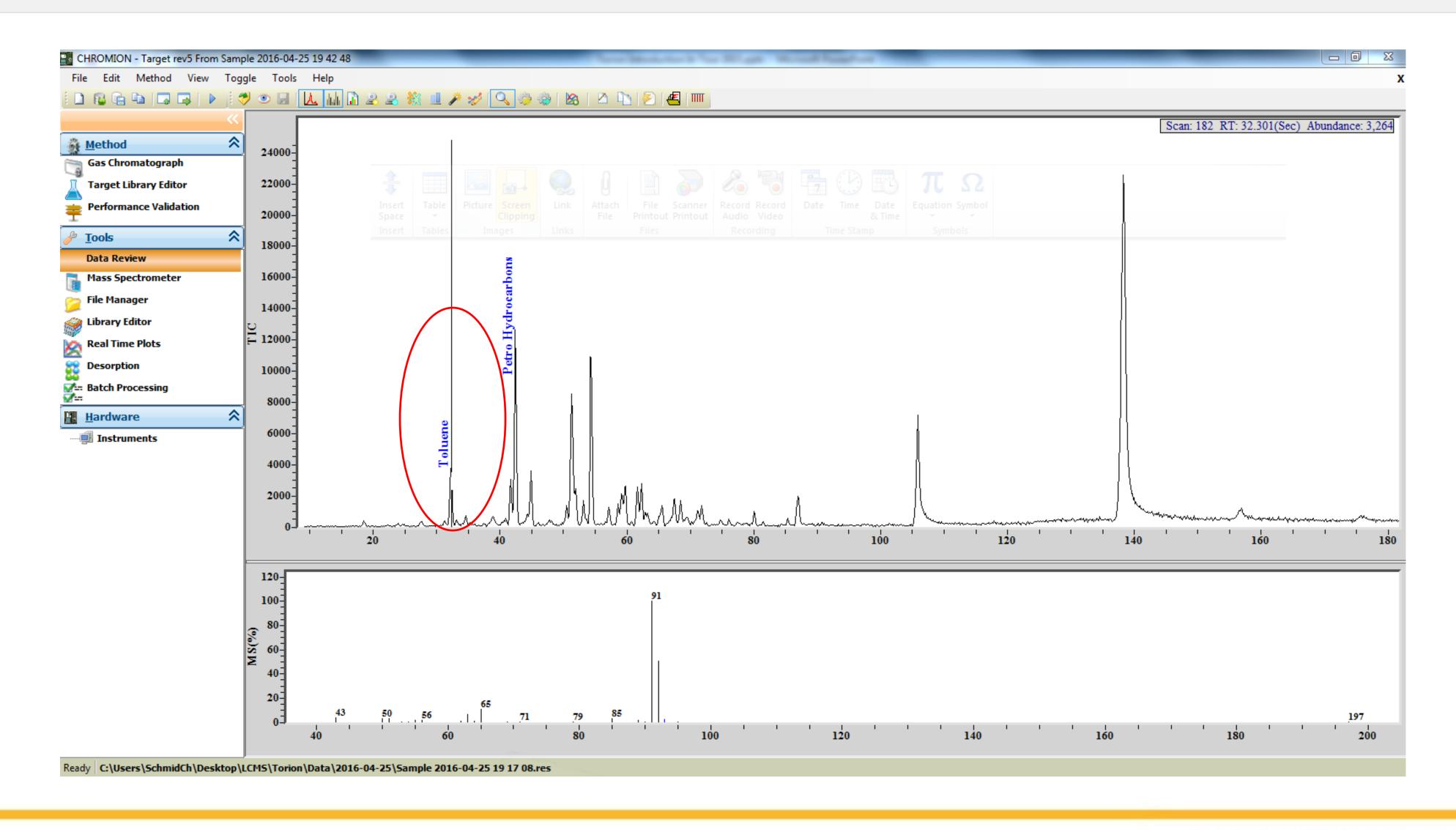


## Cocaine cut with Phenacetin (Peru)





## Hydrocarbons in Cocaine sample (Peru)



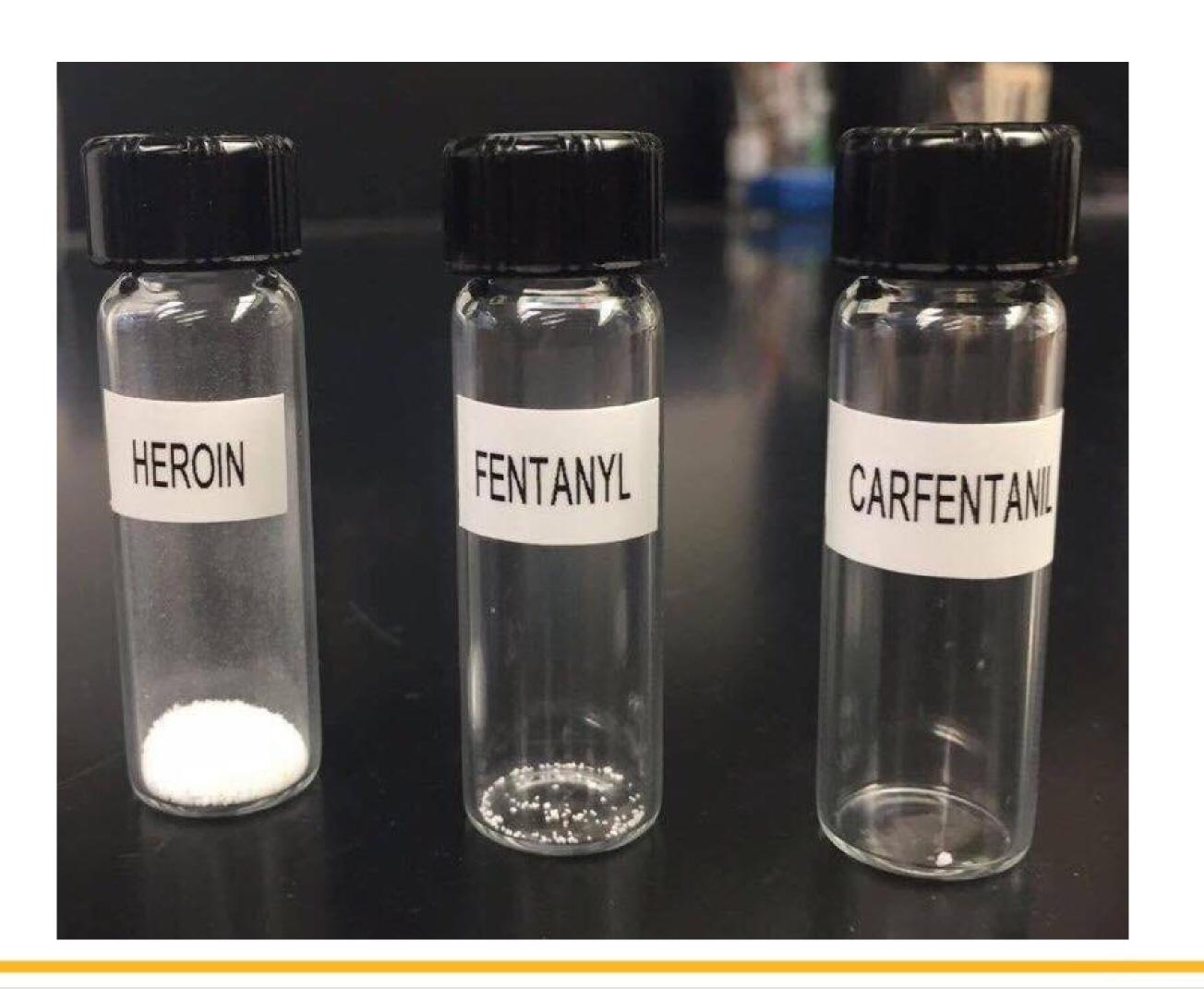


#### Primary Factors resulting in the need of Field Portable Devices

- There is an alarming rise in the incidence of dangerous substances (i.e. fentanyl)
  - This emphasizes the need for increased safety measures
  - New field testing techniques could address and minimize hazards to individuals in the field
- New drugs, such as NPS, are hitting the streets every day. Development of color-based tests may not keep up with these type of drugs, but alternative, more robust techniques may improve the process of rapidly identifying these substances
- Multiple types of portable field drug testing devices are available in the market, which makes it difficult for decision makers to choose the most appropriate instrument.



## Drug Testing in Vancouver BC





## Solid Phase Microextraction (SPME) Sample Collection





#### Sampling Techniques

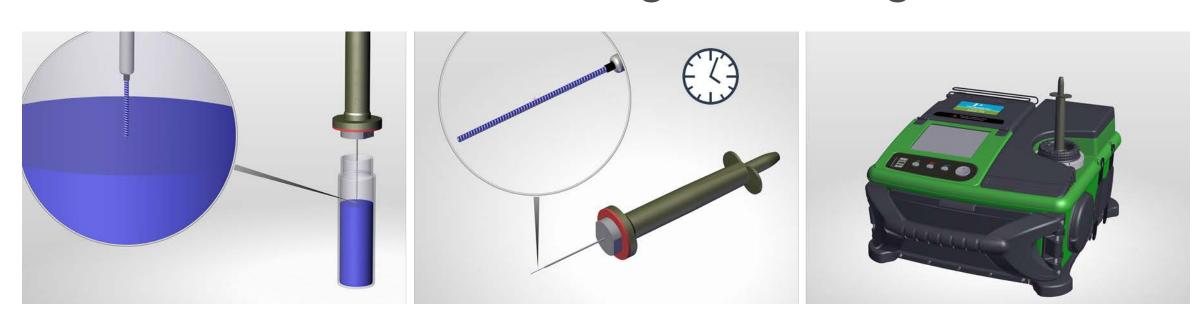
- Headspace
- Direct Immersion
  - Direct Contact

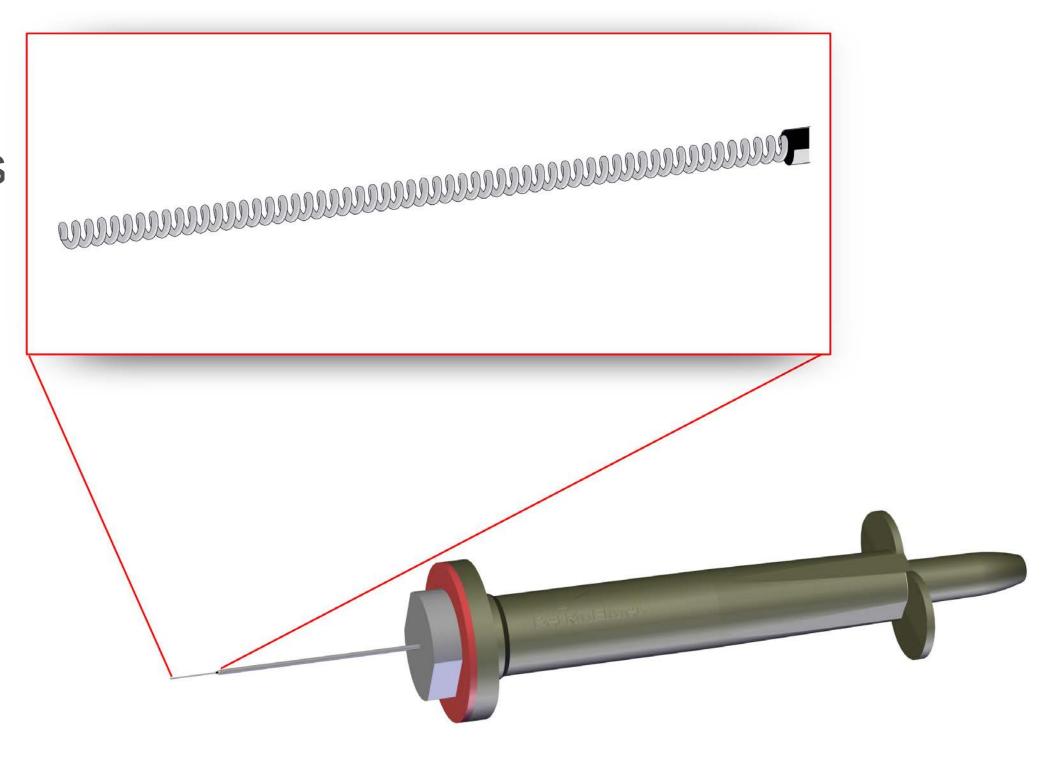
Must be easy to use!



## Coiled Microextraction (CME)

- Liquid Collection & Injection Device
- Ideal Semi-volatile compounds
  - Drugs of abuse, fentanyl analogues, explosives pesticides, etc.
- Capillary action pulls liquid into coils
- Solvent evaporates, analytes left behind
  - MeOH used for drug screening











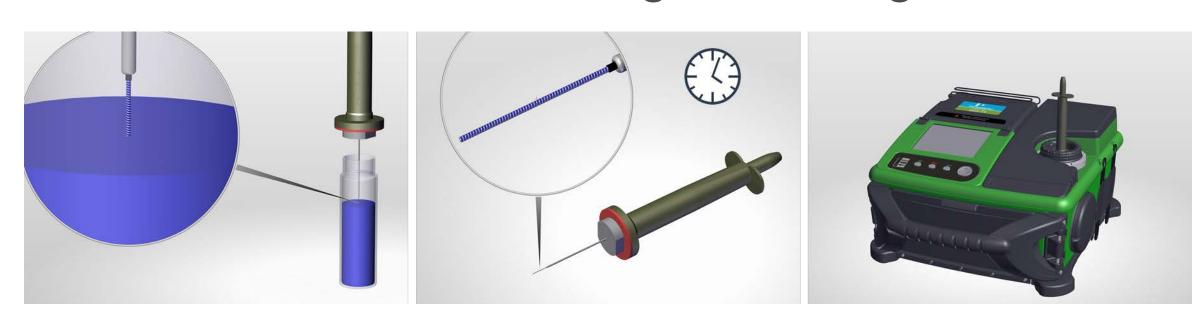


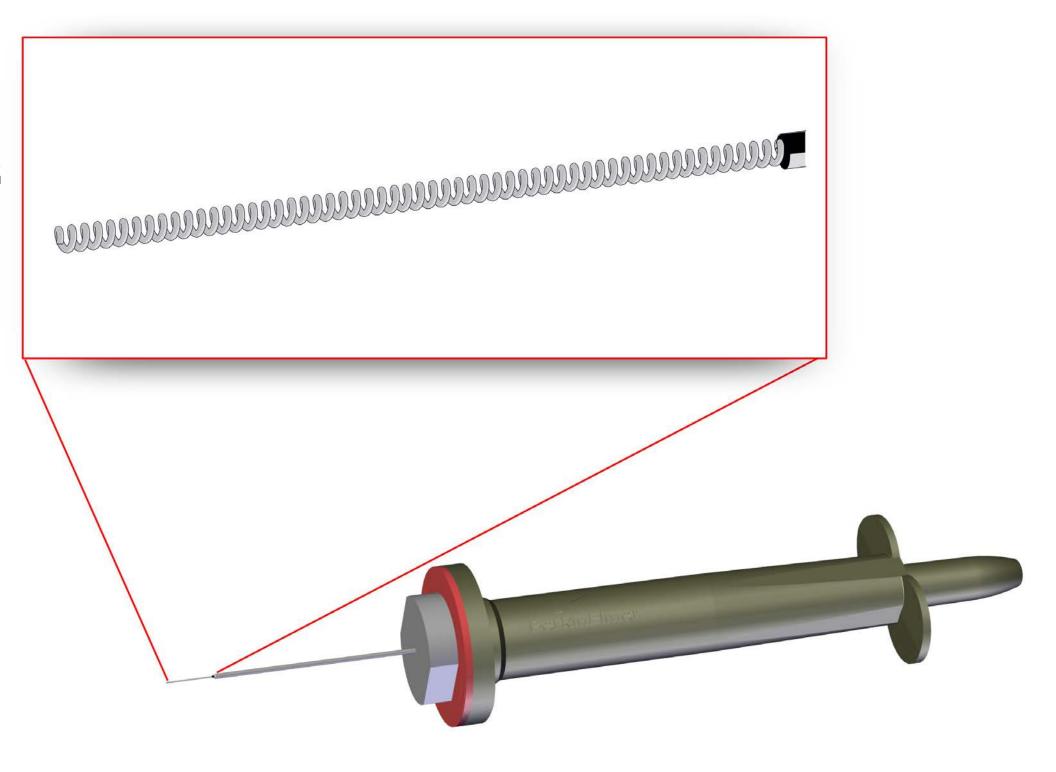




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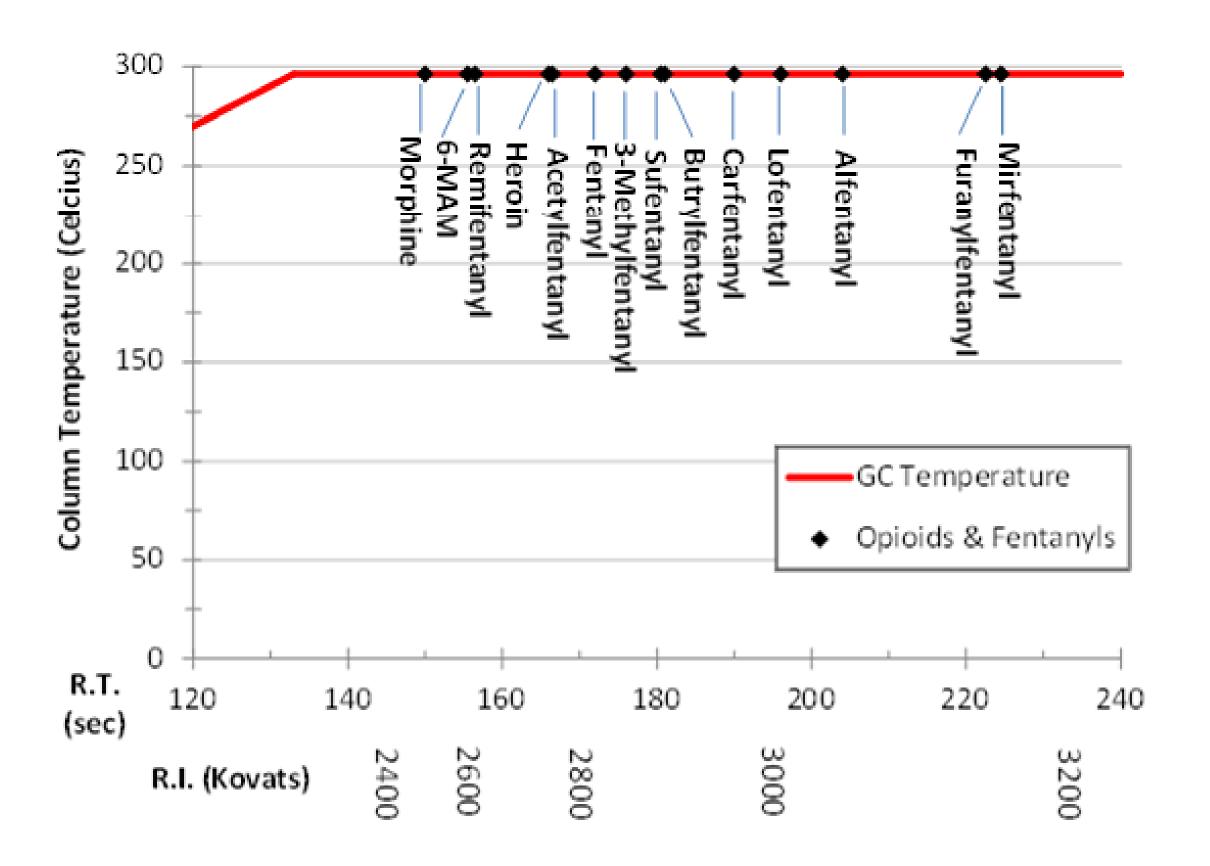


## Onboard Library and Unknown Library options and capabilities

- On-board customizable libraries
- NIST searchable spectra
- WILEY 2017 Designer Drug library (over 100,000+ compounds)
- Slight limitations toroidal MS vs GC/MS



## Synthetic opioids collected on Torion T9



Synthetic Opioids		~R.T.	~R.I.
Compound Name	CAS RN	(sec)	(calc)
Morphine	57-27-2	150.0	2575
6-Monoacetylmorphine	2784-73-8	155.5	2635
Remifentanyl	132875-61-7	156.5	2645
Diacetylmorphine (Heroin)	561-27-3	166.0	2745
Acetylfentanyl	3258-84-2	166.5	2750
Fentanyl	437-38-7	172.0	2805
3-Methylfentanyl (3-MF)	42045-86-3	176.0	2840
Sufentanyl	56030-54-7	180.5	2880
Butyrifentanyl (Bu-F)	1169-70-6	181.0	2885
Carfentanyl	59708-52-0	190.0	2955
Lofentanyl	61380-40-3	196.0	3000
Alfentanyl	71195-58-9	204.0	3050
Furanylfentanyl (Fu-F)	101345-66-8	222.5	3145
Mirfentanyl	117523-47-4	224.5	3155



## Success Stories: Drug Screening at Groovin' the Moo - Australia

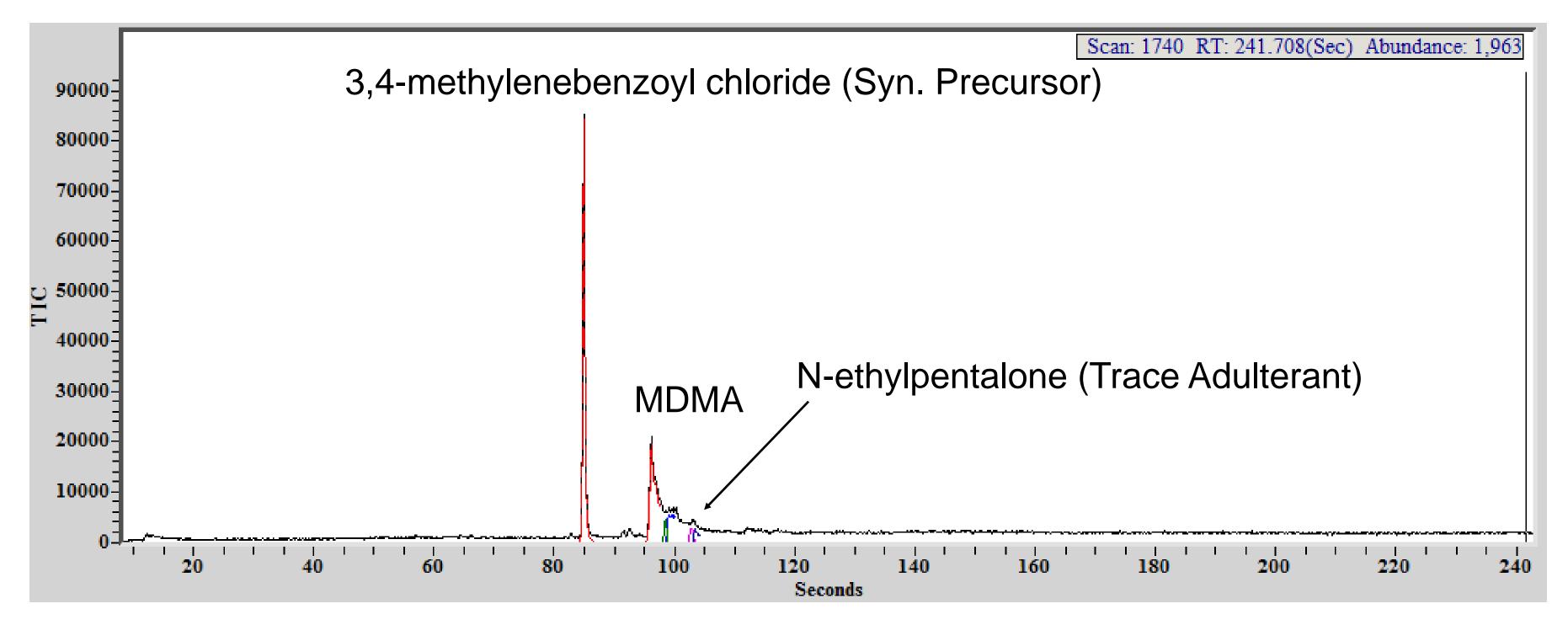


N-Ethylpentylone

- Coupled with FTIR, the Torion T9 was used to screen for unknown substances that could not be discerned.
- Festival participants volunteered to have their substances checked.
- FTIR and GC/MS identified nethylpentylone adulteration in a collection of "MDMA" samples.
- N-ethylpentylone was tied to recent overdoses at previous music festivals in Australia



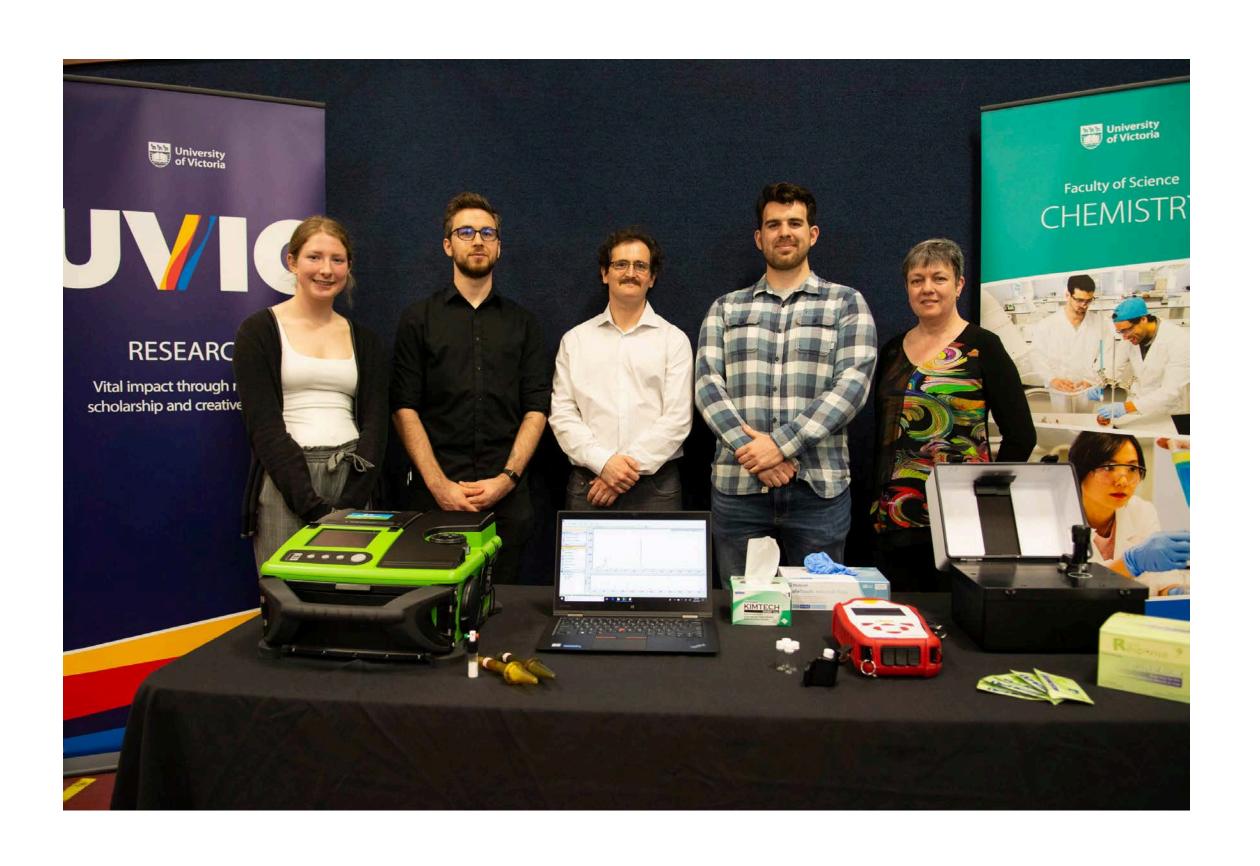
#### Identifying synthetic precursors and adulterants onsite



"MDMA" Sample collected at Groovin' the Moo, Canberra Australia



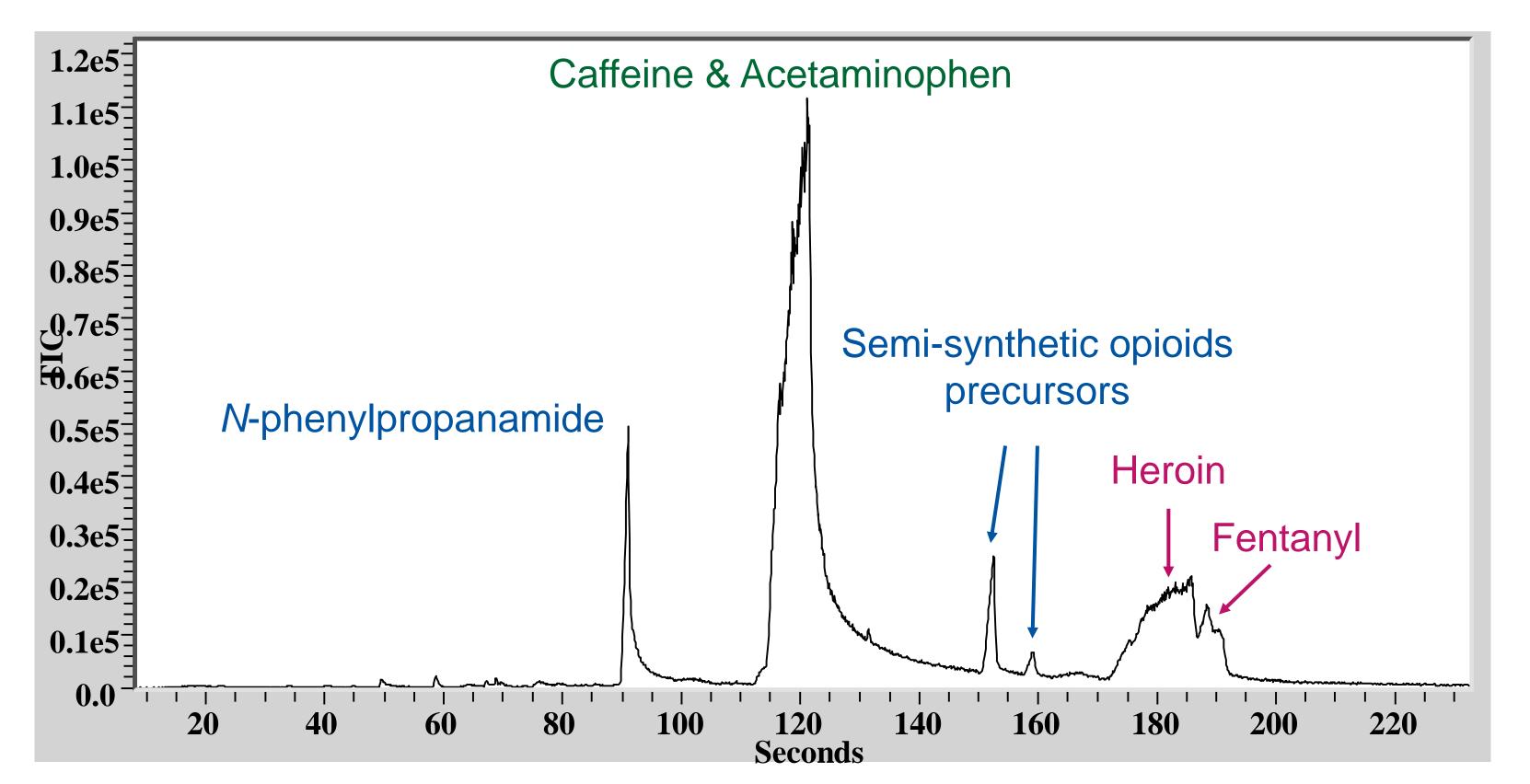
#### Success Stories: Safe Injection Sites – Vancouver Island, Canada



- University of Victoria, BC, Canada partnering with the federal government to create a drug checking pilot project.
- Suite of analytical instruments being set up at safe injection sites for heroin users to have their drugs screened for fentanyl analogues.
- On-going research project



## Safe injection site results – Fentanyl laced heroin sample



1 mg of sample dissolved in 100 uL of MeOH

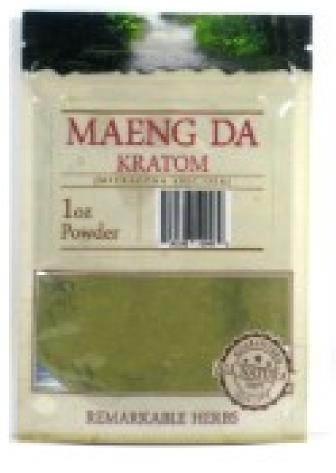
- Typical adulterated heroin / fentanyl samples
- Opioids
- Precursors
- Indicator of clandestine production
- Cutting Agents
- Used to dilute the sample for more street profits



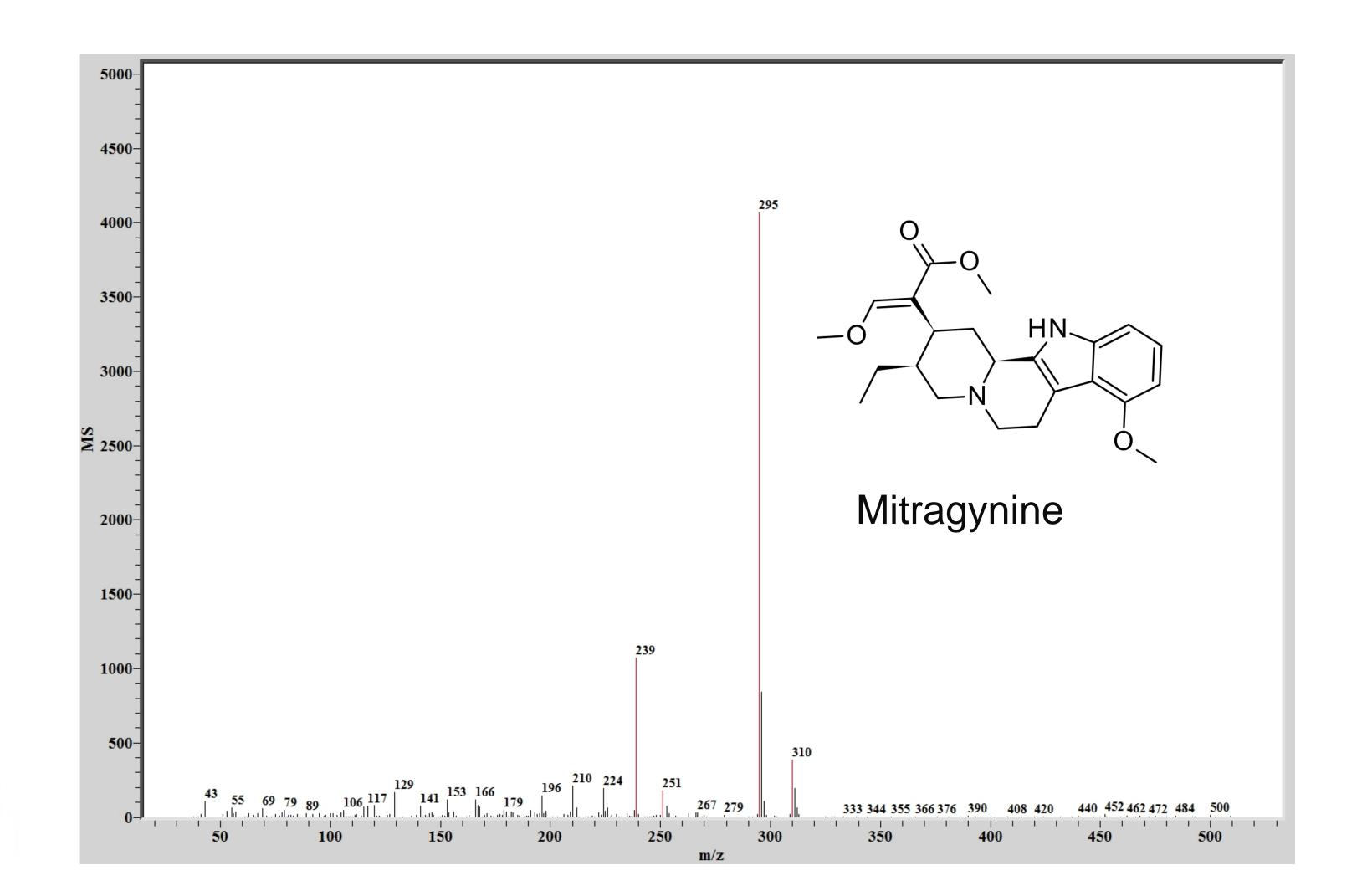
## **Emerging Opiate Alternatives - Kratom**

- Contains alkaloids with opiate properties
- Native to southeastern Asis
- Classified as opiate in 2018





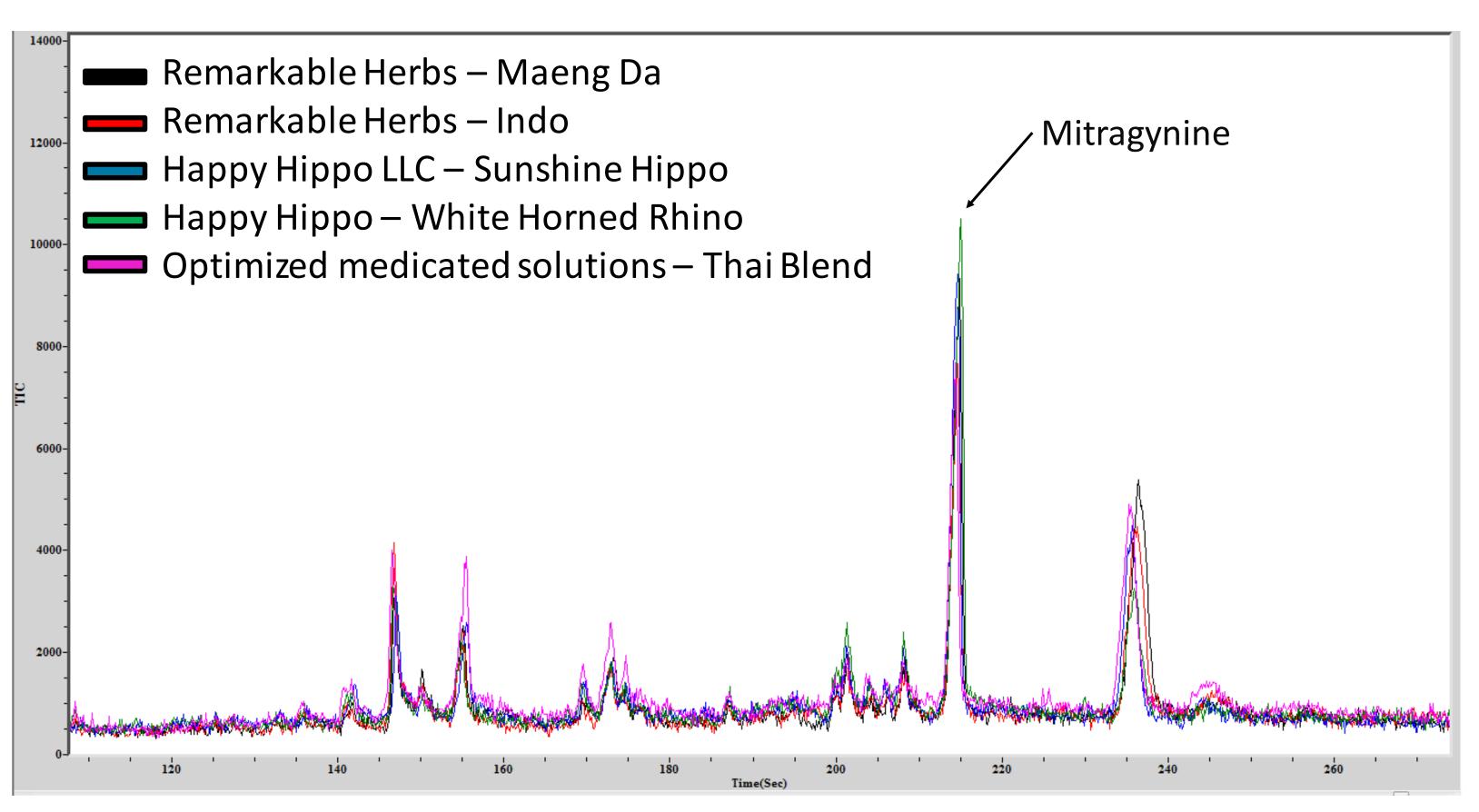






## Comparison 5 different Kratom blends using CME-GC/MS









## Welcome to Maine

## The Benefits of a Portable Gas Chromatograph Ion Trap Mass Spectrometer for the Identification of Controlled Substances in Seized Street Drugs

Heather Dyer<sup>1</sup>, Jamie Foss<sup>2</sup>, Bill Hahn<sup>2</sup>, Charlie Schmidt<sup>2</sup>, Frank Kero<sup>2</sup>

- 1. Maine Health and Environmental Testing Laboratory, 221 State St., Augusta, ME 04333
- 2. PerkinElmer, 710 Bridgeport Ave., Shelton, CT 06484

Acetylfentanyl	Cocaine	Furanylfentanyl	Methamphetamine	PCP	W-15
Acetaminophen	Cocaine Base	Heroin	Methaqualone	Phenacetin	W-18
AH-7921	Cocaine HCl	Hydroxyzine	Methylphenidate	Phentermine	Xylazine
Amphetamine	Codeine	Levamisole	Morphine	Procaine	4-ANPP
Benzocaine	Desomorphine	Lidocaine	MT-45	Pseudoephedrine	4-methoxyamphetamine
Butyrylfentanyl	Diltiazem	MDEA	Norfentanyl	Theophylline	
Caffeine	Ephedrine	Metamizole	Noscapine	Valerylfentanyl	
Clenbuterol	Fentanyl	Methadone	Papaverine	U-47700	

#### Drug Screening at Music Festivals

- Screening drugs at music festivals is a relatively new approach for the entertainment industry.
  - Success stories:
    - Shamballa Music Festival (2017)
    - Groovin the Moo (2019)
    - Glastonberry (2019)
- Important to remember that PerkinElmer does not support recreational drug consumption
  - Torion leads related to drug analysis in this scenario is a response the loss of human life from overdoses, and a modern instrumental analysis approach to complicated and widely varied samples







#### Thank you!

#### **Questions?**







Thank you!

Questions!

